



Global Aging and Health Bridging Science, Policy, and Practice

Sarcopenia and Frailty: What's the Issues Related to Gait Speed and Handgrip Strength

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Roberto A. Lourenço MD, MPH, PHD

Pontifical Catholic University – Rio

Department of Medicine

Professor of Geriatrics

Coordinator of Post Graduation Division

Rio de Janeiro State University

School of Health Sciences

□ Associated Professor of Geriatrics

Head of Geriatric Department

Brazilian Society of Geriatrics and Gerontology – SBGG

Latin-American Academy of Geriatrics – ALMA

Dember of Executive Committee

European Academy for Medicine of Aging – EAMA





I have no relevant commercial relationships to disclose.







Sarcopenia and Frailty: What's the Issues Related to Gait Speed and Handgrip Strength Cutoff Values?

Revisiting Criteria Definition and Association with Protein Intake and Insulin Resistance





Summary of presentation

- Diagnosis of frailty and sarcopenia
 - No consensus
- Two approaches
 - Fried's scale frailty
 - EWGSOP sarcopenia

Issues

- Conceptual definition
- Itens
 - Handgrip strenght
 - Gait speed
 - Lean body mass





Summary of presentation

- •How about scales?
- How about prevalences?
- •How about items scales?
- Conclusions and final comments





Sarcopenia and frailty

- Weakness
- Slowness
- I muscle mass
 - Cruz-Jentoft et al., 2010

- Weakness
- Slowness
- Weight loss
- Exhaustion
- Low activity
 - Fried et al., 2001





What about the scales used in L&MIC?





Journal of the American Geriatrics Society

Frailty Screening in Low- and Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review

William K. Gray, * Jenny Richardson, * Jackie McGuire, * Felicity Dewhurst, [§] Vasanthi Elder, * Julie Weeks, * Richard W. Walker, *[‡] and Catherine L. Dotchin *[†]

JAGS APRIL 2016–VOL. 64, NO. 4

FRAILTY IN LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES 807





- 22 LMICs
- 70 studies
- 85.7% studies
 - Brazil
 - China
 - Mexico
- Frailty criteria
 - Fried: 36
 - FI: 20
 - Edmonton: 8

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What about the prevalences of frailty and sarcopenia?







RESEARCH ARTICLE

Prevalence of Frailty in Latin America and the Caribbean: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis

Fabiana Araújo Figueiredo Da Mata^{1®}*, Priscilla Perez da Silva Pereira^{2‡}, Keitty Regina Cordeiro de Andrade^{1‡}, Ana Claudia Morais Godoy Figueiredo^{2‡}, Marcus Tolentino Silva^{3®}, Maurício Gomes Pereira^{1®}

1 Department of Medical Sciences, University of Brasilia, Brasilia, Brasilia, Federal District, Brazil, 2 Department of Health Sciences, University of Brasilia, Brasilia, Federal District, Brazil, 3 Department of Health Sciences, Federal University of Amazonas, Manaus, Amazonas, Brazil

These authors contributed equally to this work.

‡ These authors also contributed equally to this work.

fagfigueiredo@hotmail.com



IAGG 2017 Systematic review 2016

- 29 studies
- 43,083 individuals included
- Prevalence of frailty
 - Total: 19.6%
 - Range: 7.7% to 42.6%



PLOS ONE

RESEARCH ARTICLE

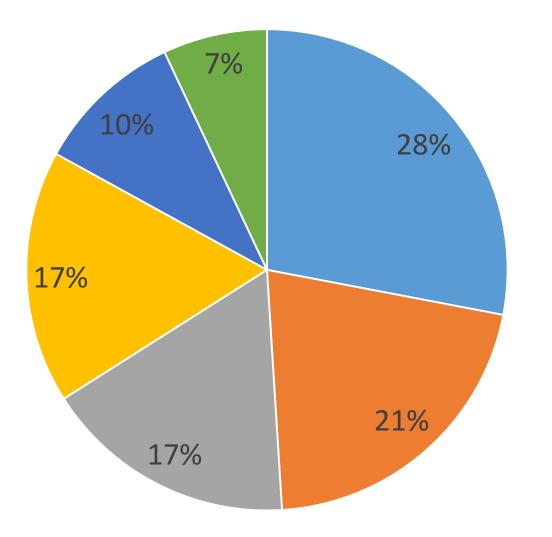
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1 Department of Medical Sciences, University of Brasilia, Brasilia, Federal District, Brazil, 2 Department of Health Sciences, University of Brasilia, Brasilia, Federal District, Brazil, 3 Department of Health Sciences, Federal University of Amazonas, Manaus, Amazonas, Brazil

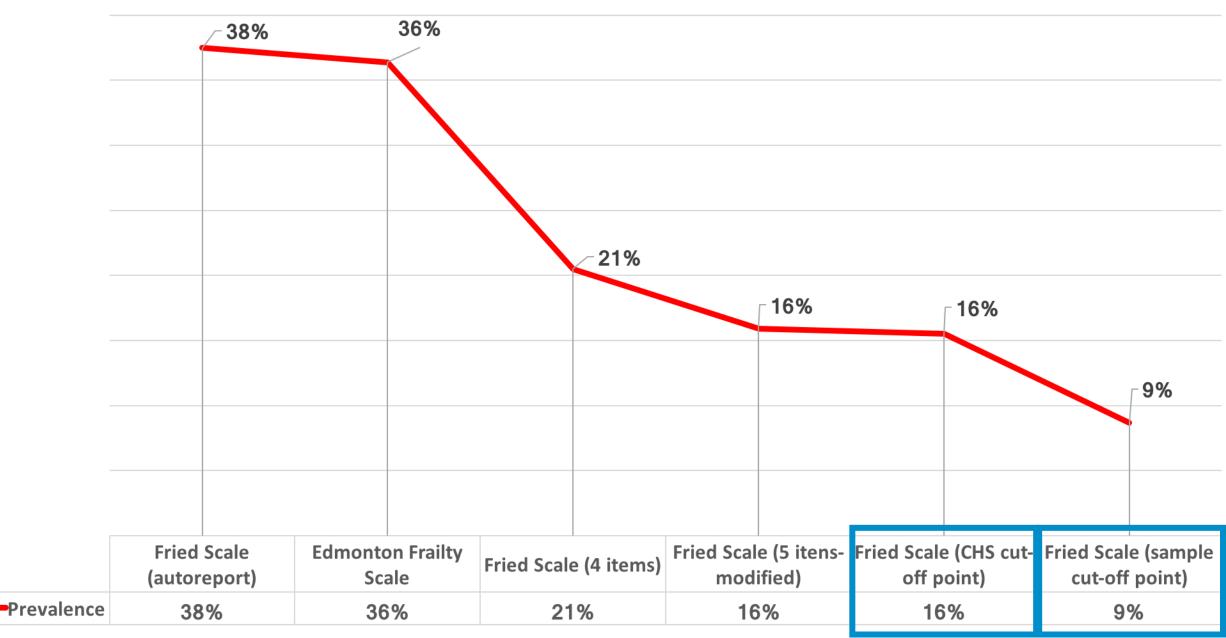
These authors contributed equally to this work.
These authors also contributed equally to this work.
fagfigueiredo@hotmail.com

Prevalence of frailty according scale used



- Fried Scale (4 items)
- Fried Scale (autoreport)
- Fried Scale (sample cut-off point)
- Fried Scale (modified)
- Fried Scale (Fried's cut-off point)
- Edmonton Frailty Scale

Prevalence of frailty according to the scales used to classify













Geriatr Gerontol Int 2016

REVIEW ARTICLE

Prevalence of sarcopenia in older Brazilians: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Juliano Bergamaschine Mata Diz,¹ Amanda Aparecida Oliveira Leopoldino,^{1,2} Bruno de Souza Moreira,¹ Nicholas Henschke,³ Rosangela Correa Dias,¹ Leani Souza Máximo Pereira¹ and Vinicius Cunha Oliveira¹

¹Postgraduate Program in Rehabilitation Sciences, Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais, Belo Horizonte, Minas Gerais, Brazil; ²The George Institute for Global Health, Sydney Medical School, University of Sydney, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia; and ³Institute of Public Health, University of Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany





ieriatrics Gerontology

- ≻31 studies included
- ▶9416 participants
- ➢Prevalence of sarcopenia
 - **•** Total: 17.0%
 - Range: 3.7% to 72.7%
 - 11 studies
 - EWGSOP cut-off
 - Based on:

✓ Low muscle mass and function: 16.0% (p = 0.96) ✓ Only low muscle mass: 17.0%



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What about the items scales?





Age and Ageing Advance Access published January 19, 2016

Age and Ageing 2016; 0: 1–7 doi: 10.1093/ageing/afv192 © The Author 2016. Published by Oxford University Press on behalf of the British Geriatrics Society. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted reuse, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

Global variation in grip strength: a systematic review and meta-analysis of normative data

RICHARD M. DODDS^{1,2}, HOLLY E. SYDDALL¹, RACHEL COOPER³, DIANA KUH³, CYRUS COOPER^{1,4,5}, Avan Aihie Sayer^{1,2,4,6,7}





- Aim
 - Investigate differences in GS using British data as a standard
- 60 papers/63 different samples
- Developed regions
 - 44 samples
- Normative data
 - Developed regions: similar HGS
 - Developing regions: lower HGS
- Conclusion

Age and Ageing 2016; **0:** 1–7 doi: 10.1093/ageing/afv192

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• Developed regions reference values must not be used in developing regions





• Abordar velocidade de marcha



R. A. Lourenço et al.

Age and Ageing 2015; **44:** 334–338 doi: 10.1093/ageing/afu192 Published electronically 23 December 2014

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Performance of the European Working Group on Sarcopenia in Older People algorithm in screening older adults for muscle mass assessment

Roberto Alves Lourenço¹, Mario Pérez-Zepeda², Luis Gutiérrez-Robledo³, Francisco J. García-García⁴, Leocadio Rodríguez Mañas⁵



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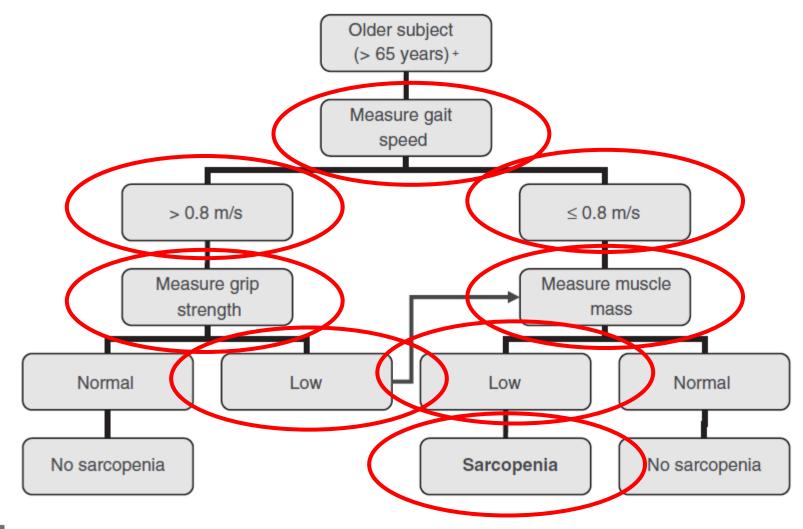


- Aim
 - Assess the performance of the EWGSOP screening algorithm
- Design:
 - cross-sectional study
- Methods
 - GS and HS
 - Original cut-off values
 - Sample tailored cut-off values

- Sample
 - FIBRA-RJ, Brazil
 - Coyoacan, Mexico
 - TSHA, Spain
 - 3260 community-dwelling individuals
 - \geq 65 years old
- Results
 - Suspect of sarcopenia: 83.4% of

Roberto Alves Lourenço¹, Mario Pérez-Zepeda², Luis Gutiérrez-Robledo³, Francisco J. García-García⁴, Leocadio Rodríguez Mañas⁵

INCORP-suggested algorithm for sarcopenia Acase finding in older individuals



July 23-27, 2017 - Moscone West • San Francisco, CA

Performance of EWGSOP sarcopenia algorithm

Reference	Ν	Gart Speed < 0.8	n/s	Reduced Gri	in //	Iuscle Mass	
			$\backslash /$	Strength	X		
Mexico Ruiz-Arregui et al. 2012	828	62.9%	Ň	18.5%		67.8%	
Spain Garcia-Garcia et al. 2011	1453	89.0%		69.2%		94.4%	
Brazil Moreira & Lourenço, 2013	655	40.2%	\bigvee	66.2%		75.5%	
Total	2936	71.3%	\wedge	55.6%	X	83.4%	\mathcal{D}
				\checkmark		Louren	co et a

., 2015



Cohort	Expected proportion of subjects sent to muscle							
	mass measurement							
Cut-off	EWGSOP	a (0 0)	Quintiles	^b (%)	z-score ^c (%)			
FIBRA RJ	75.5		30.7		24.16			
CC	67.8		31.2		22.58			
TSHA	94.4		39.9		24.16			
Total	83.4		34.2	/	23.71			

No, there is no universal reference values for speed and handgrip strength. The available evidence is sufficient to clearly conclude the necessary to define specific values for La American countries, Spain an Europe!





Conclusions and final comments



Conclusions & final comments

- There is no universal reference values for GS & HS
- May be people who shares genotypic and phenotypic characteristics have similar cutoff points
 - ➢ North Europe
 - Latin American and South Europe
- Such values must be determined by
 - Normative values description
 - Longitudinal studies of outcomes
 - Functional Impairment
 - Health services use
 - Mortality



roberto.lourenco@globo.com

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